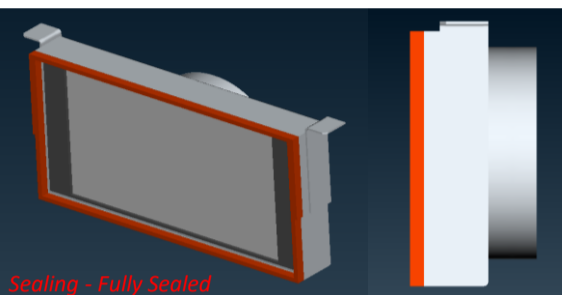
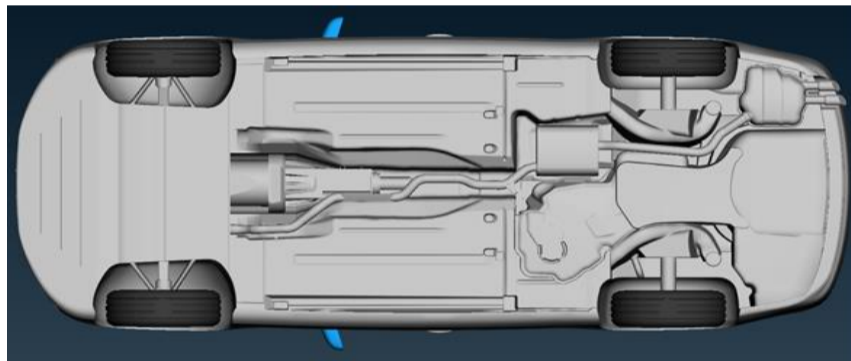
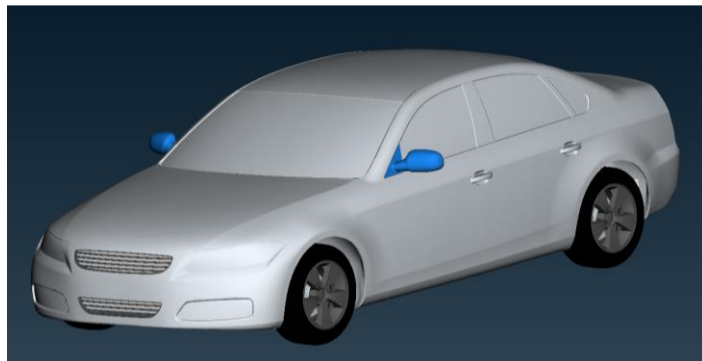


COMPANY	Ford Motor Company	DATE	19/09/2017	CONTACT	Brendan Luneman
DrivAer Configuration	N_EB_wM_wW_woL_oG			EMAIL	bluneman@ford.com

CFD Solver		Mesh Settings		Tunnel Size	
Vendor	CD-adapco	Mesh Type	Trim	WT length upstream [m]	20
Software	STAR-CCM+	Minimum Cell Size [mm]	2,5	WT length downstream [m]	40
Version	v11.06.011	Total Number Cells [ $\times 10^6$ ]	#RIF!	WT width / height [m]	22 / 9

Flow Boundary Conditions		Turbulence Settings		Vehicle Options	
Yaw Angle [deg]	0	Turbulence Model Class	DES	Bodystyle	Notchback
Vehicle Speed [ms-1]	38,89	Turbulence Model	k-w SST	Mirrors	OCDA
Density [kg m-3]	1,204	Near wall treatment	Hybrid	Front Ride Height (mm)	686
Absolute Ref. Pressure [Pa]	101325	Compressible Flow	No	Rear Ride Height (mm)	682
Solution Method	NS-Transient				

Heat Exchanger/Cooling Package Data		Cooling Configuration		Vehicle Configuration	
Heat Exchanger	Ford HX1 (baseline)	 <p>Sealing - Fully Sealed</p>	Cooling Package (CAD)	UPPER COOLING INTAKE	Open
HX Pressure Drop	A: 5,78			LOWER COOLING INTAKE	Open
$\Delta p = A*v + B*v^2$	B: 17,31			Wheel Type	OC DrivAer
HX x-Position [mm]	35			Wheel Type (Comments)	- rigid / no deformation solid contact patch
HX Thickness [mm]	27			Road Simulation	Static
Fan Shroud x-Pos. [mm]	209,44			Rim Simulation	Static
Sealing	Fully sealed			Tire Simulation	Static
Leakage Area (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0				



CFD Model

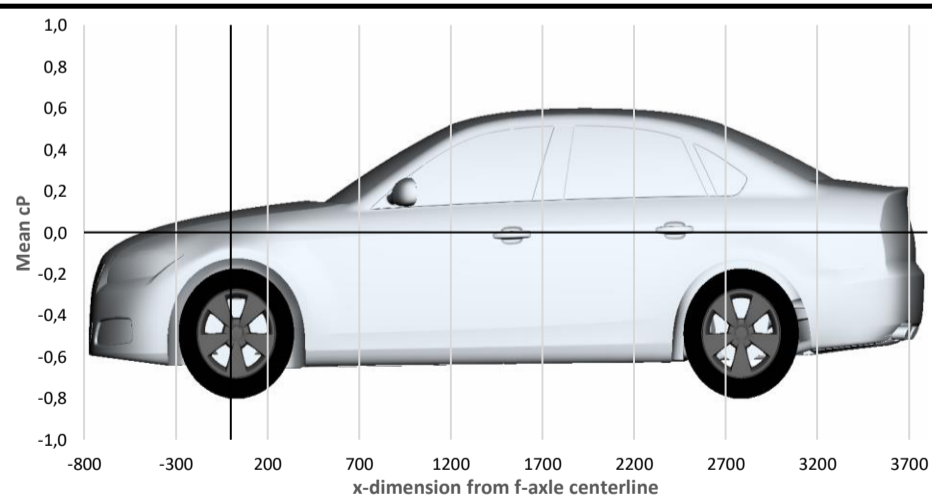
COMMENTS

standard open bar grills  
mirrors included  
solid wheels (milled, as CAD data)  
wheel house air exit open  
rear lower engine exit open

CFD Results

Drag (Cx) [-]		Radiator Mass Flow [kg/s]		Wheelhouse LHS Flow [kg/s]	
Frontal Area [m2]	2,170	Upper Grill Flow [kg/s]		Wheelhouse RHS Flow [kg/s]	
Front Lift (Czf) [-]		Lower Grill Flow [kg/s]		Tunnel Flow [kg/s]	
Rear Lift (Czr) [-]					
Underhood Ref Pressure (#415) (Cp) [-]:		Wheel-house Ref Pressure (#566) (Cp) [-]:			

Upperbody Centerline Pressure (Cp)



Underbody Centerline Pressure (Cp)

